End-of-Life Product Recycling

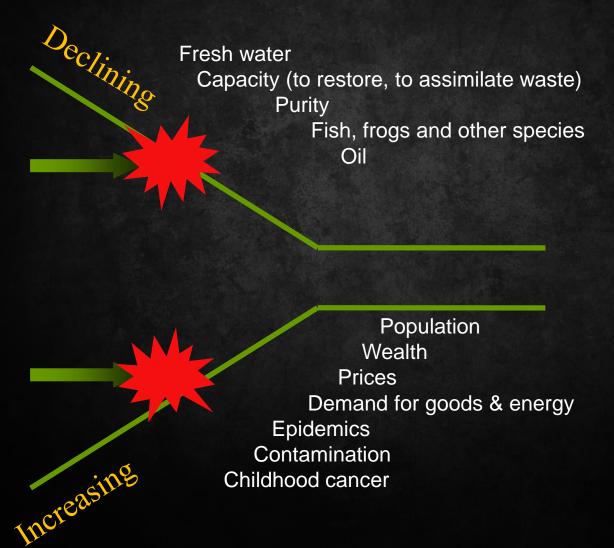
An Economic Measure

CII GreenCo Summit | Pune | 16 July 2013

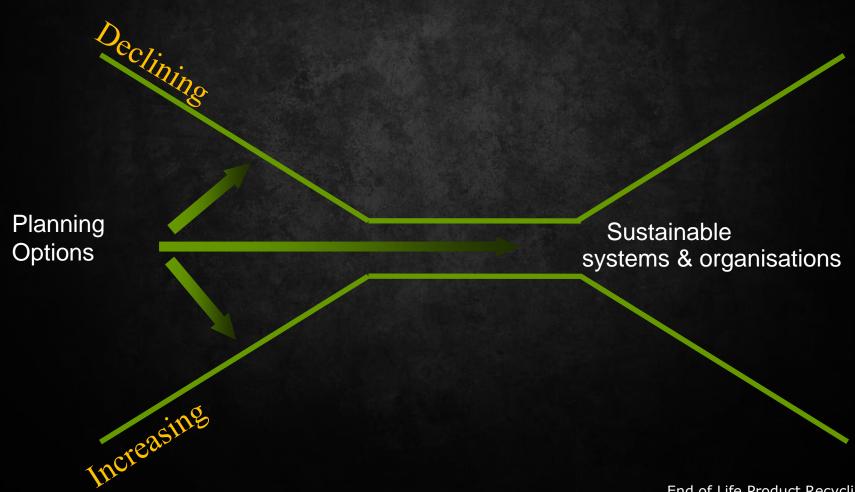
Jaideep Gokhale,

Communications & Environment Director,
Tetra Pak South Asia Markets
and Cluster Leader Environment
South & South East Asia

It's quite clear we're hitting the limits of what nature can provide us ...



Companies that intend to be successful for a long time need to avoid the funnel and instead find sustainability



Work as nature does ...





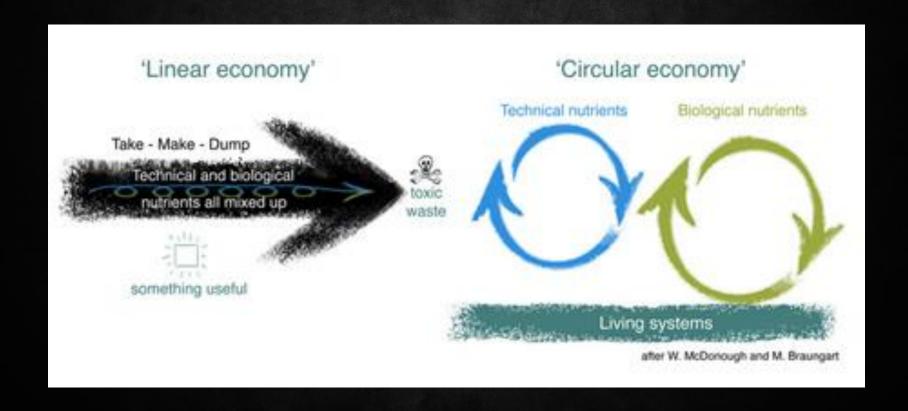
To be efficient:

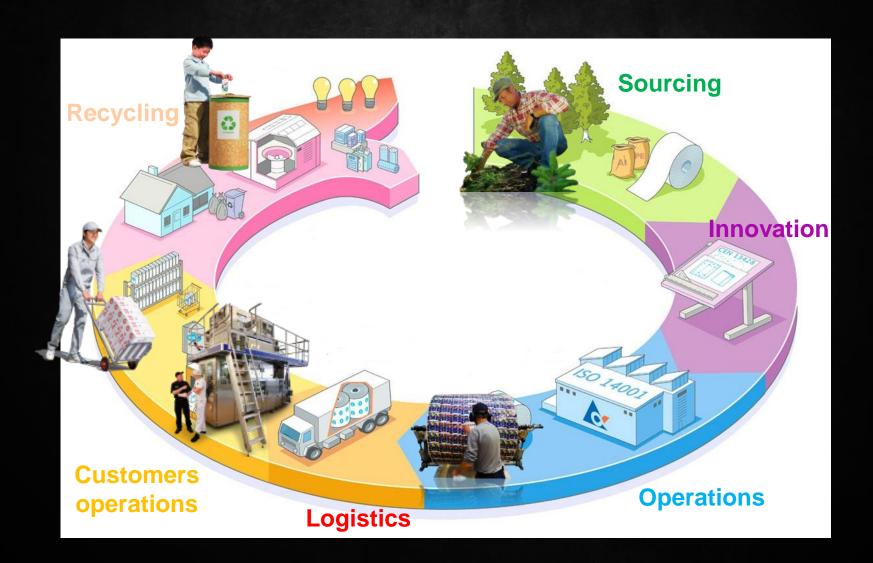
More with less. Recycle.

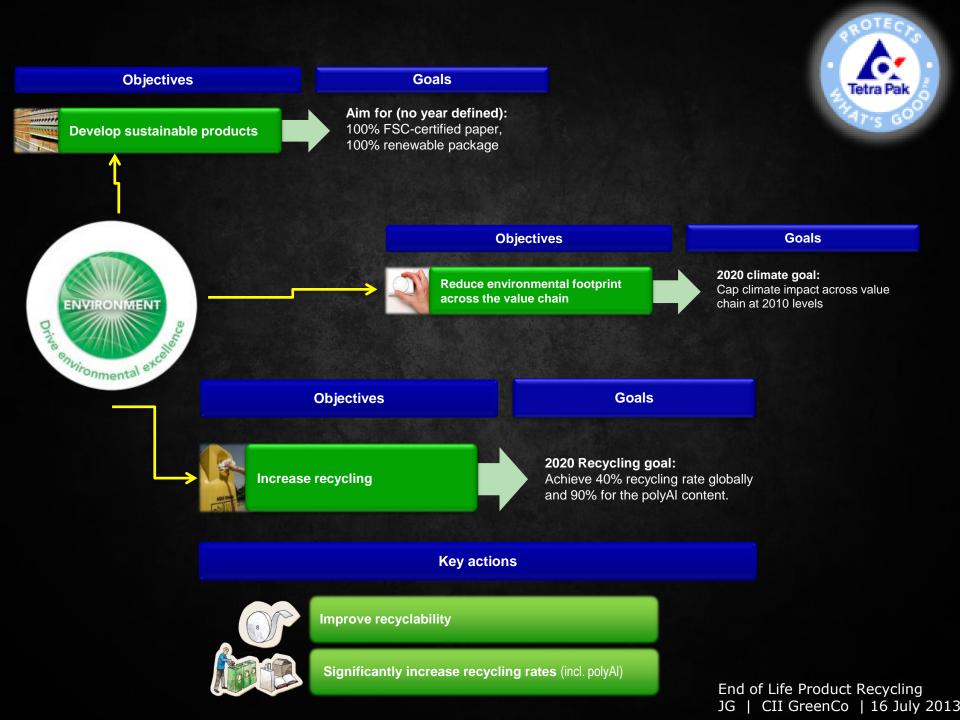


The key challenge is to aggressively promote economic and sustainable recycling through the life cycle of a product

'Circular economy' → from 'using things up' to 'using things'





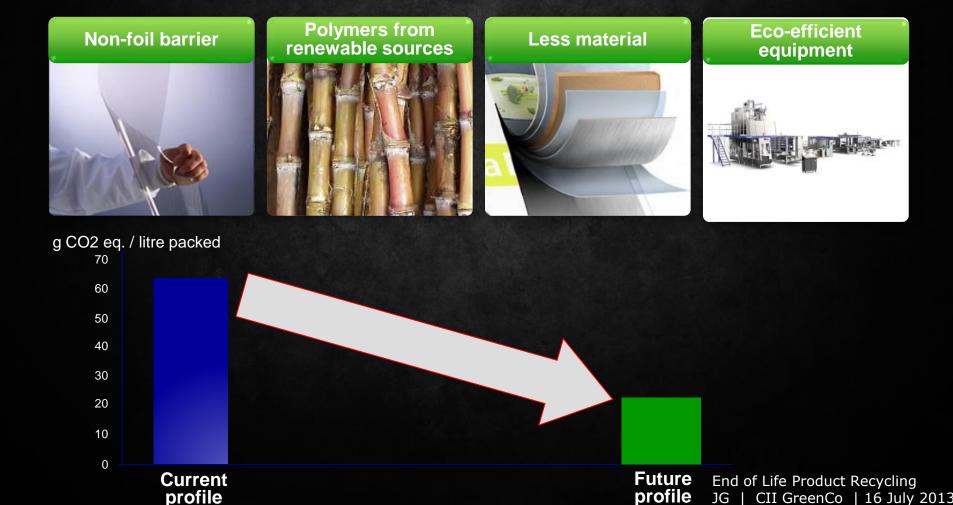


Six steps to higher recycling rates

- Design for Environment for recyclability
- 2. Participate in industry-based recycling organisations
- Engage consumers
- 4. Support recycling technologies
- 5. Influence public policy
- 6. Build public / private partnerships

Step 1: Design for Environment

Design the product to minimise its impact on the planet, though not just through recyclability



Step 2: Participate in industry-based recycling organisations

- Join producer-responsibility schemes
- Increase the community's awareness of recycling and other solid waste issues through publications, technical research, seminars and databases



rcempre

Brazilian Business Commitment for Recycling



Metals Recycling Association of India



Thailand Institute of Packaging Management for Sustainable Environment

Example from industry

- Consumer Awareness: bring together all stakeholders to a common platform to sensitize consumers on waste / recycling / segregation
- → Thought leadership: development and dissemination of best practices related to recycling
- Advocacy: act as a common voice for the industry; pro-actively interact with government and other stakeholders























...and many more

Step 3: Engage consumers

- Through awareness-raising campaigns
- In partnership with customers, retailers and environmental groups
- The BIG challenge: how do we drive consumer discipline!



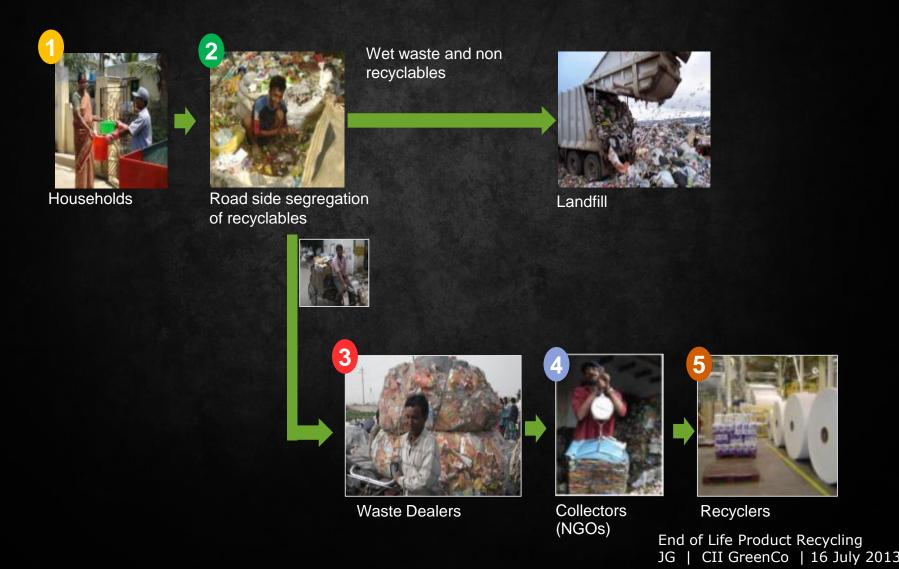
Street play as a means to educate waste pickers





Project SEARCH in partnership with TERI

Our strategy: continue connecting the dots; focus on waste pickers, collectors and recyclers



Continue engaging with waste pickers

- Identify 'godaams' (hubs / geographies) of waste dealers
- Improve collection partners' outreach
 - Workshops
 - Street Plays
 - Pamphlets
 - Audio Campaigns
- 3. Build relationships with waste pickers
 - Health Camps
 - Paryavaran Mitra clubs (Friends of Environment club)







Step 4: Support recycling technologies

Evaluate, help finance and share expertise on technologies that make recycling more efficient and profitable



Developing a small-scale pulper

Mechanical Recycling

<u>Technologies</u>: Agglomeration, Panel Board **Chemical** Recycling

<u>Technologies</u>: Delamination, Solvent separation

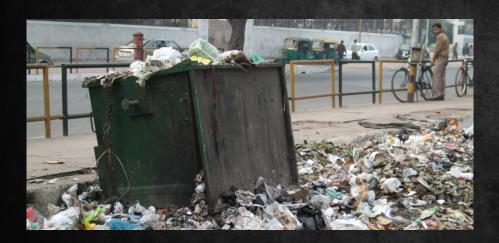
Full Carton Recycling

<u>Technologies</u>: Composite Extrusion Thermo-Mechanical Recycling

Technologies:
Pyrolysis,
Gasification,
Volatilization

Step 5: Influence public policy

Collaborate with national and local decision makers within government in support of effective regulatory frameworks



Advocacy focus

Influence and contribute to

- Public policy & legislation
- Stakeholder self-regulation
- Standards & definitions

Monitor emerging issues and concerns

Municipal Solid Waste Rules 2000

- Municipalities responsible for waste management
- Poor enforcement of rules prevails

Plastic Waste Rules 2011

- Advocates recycling, recovery or disposal of plastic wastes
- Introduces EPR (manufacturers to support municipalities in setting collection centers for plastic wastes)

Step 6: Build public / private partnerships

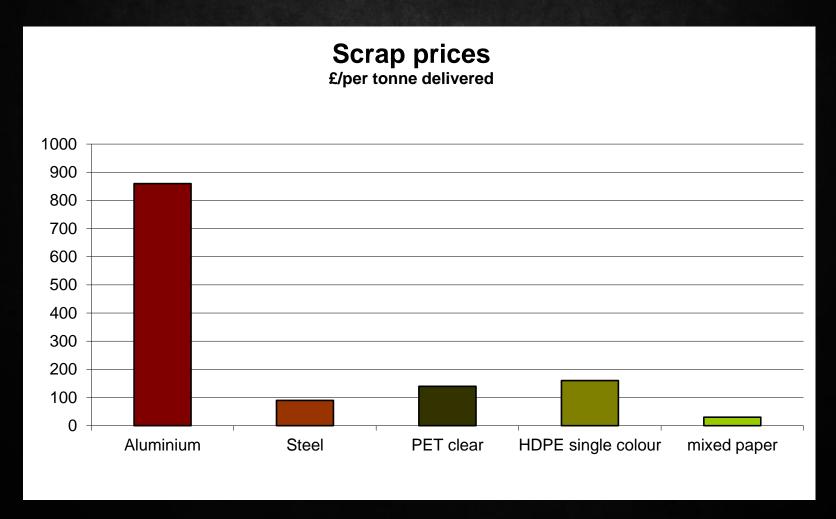
- ✓ In line with local legislation, public authorities install collection facilities
- As members of industry organisations, we support collection and sorting processes



For a successful recycling program, some prerequisites must be in place

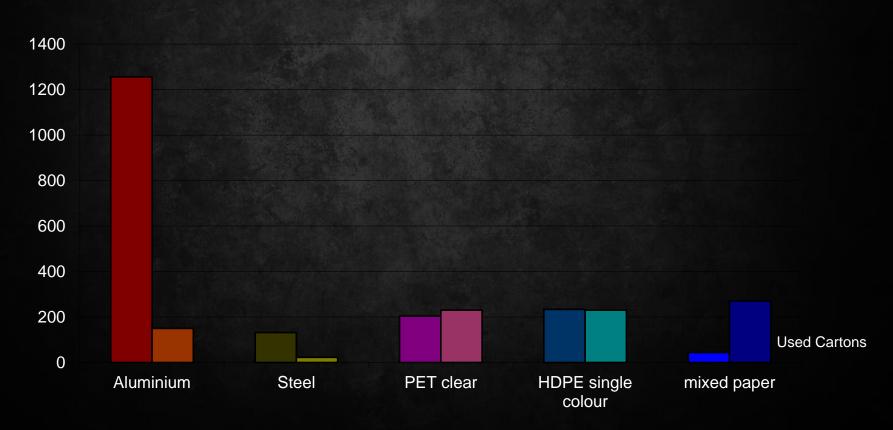
- Critical mass of collected material
- Sorted (segregated) material
- Sufficient market demand for possible recycled endproducts

The economics of recycling favour resource-intensive products that are easy to sort



The cost of collecting certain low-volume materials is simply uneconomical





Recovered fibre from paper-based packaging board can be recycled into various useful end-products

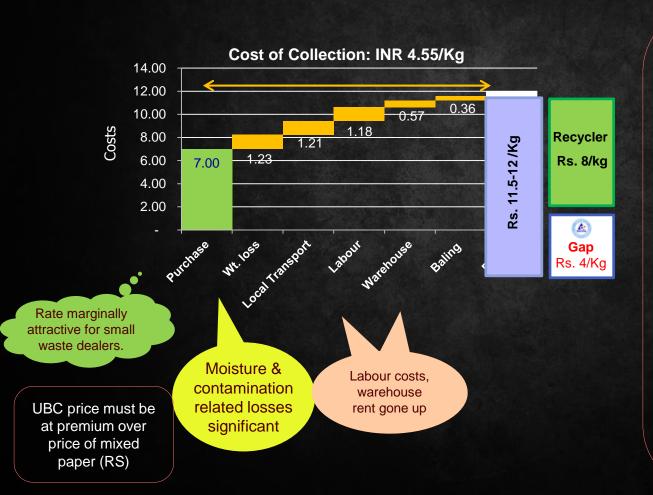


Similarly, high-value applications for the non-fibre (polyAl) fraction of carton packaging



The argument that a product is only recyclable if it can be turned into a new version of itself is a false one

Challenge: high collection costs squeezing margins for collection partners



Inefficiencies in collections exist: scope for improvements

High costs due to single material collection?

Achieving higher value for end products at Recyclers' end critical

Absence of source segregation putting burden on value chain sustainability.

Pilot project: improving collection inefficiencies



Deduction of purchase price basis moisture

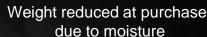
How did we do it?

- Used analogy of waste paper prices
- Waste dealers are used to differential prices by season in other waste grades
- Demonstrating moisture losses during baling

How did waste dealers react?

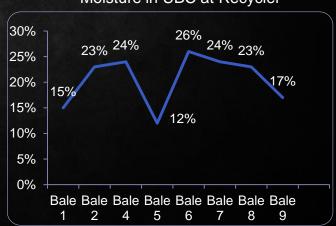
Pickups stopped 15 days; then resumed

What was the impact?
Savings of at least 10% of purchase costs





Moisture in UBC at Recycler



Minimising transport costs

- → Improve daily route mapping of truck
 - Enforce at least 2 trips / day
 - Start early to reach collection points
- → Prioritize pickups
 - Focus on higher volumes points
 - Maximise load- factor
 - Pickups after validating by field staff
- → Minimize hired vehicle usage
 - Long distance covered by own vehicle
 - Hired vehicle use for short distances



	Before	After
No. of trips by truck / month	33	55
Average quantity picked up/ trip	245	288

High costs due to single material collection: what are we doing on this?

Started a joint project to leverage commonality of waste value chain for PET and cartons



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Multi Material Collection Centers

Ganesh: the largest used PET recycler in India

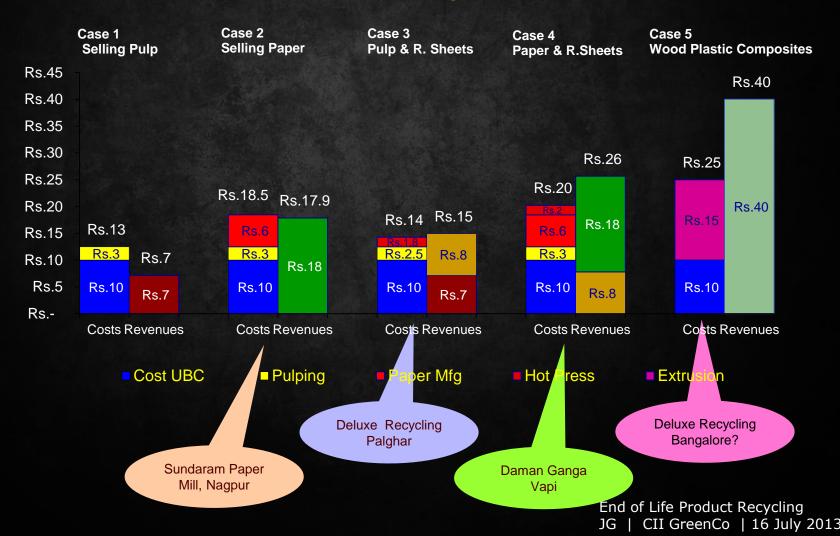
- → Coca Cola bottlers can sell their PET factory waste to Ganesha
- →In return, Ganesha will set PET collection centers at places of our choice
- → In order to increase viability of such centers, will additionally collect used cartons.

1st Center launched in Lucknow City 2nd being planned in Ludhiana



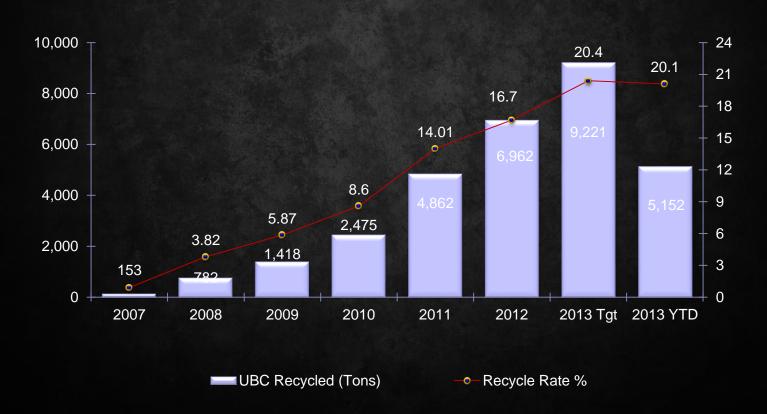
Challenge: Having strong recyclers with focus on profitable end-products

In INR, for a Kg UBC



Today, 1 of 5 cartons recycled

South Asia Markets [India, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Nepal and Bhutan]



Questions | Discussion